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FROM Volel Emile, Esq.

Fax Number (512) 306-0240

Phone Number (512) 306-7969

SUBJECT Appeal Brief (10/006,059)

Number of Pages 36

Date 10/26/2005

MESSAGE

This fax communication contains:

- 1. one copy of a Fax Transmittal Form;
- 2. two copies of a Fee Transmittal Letter, including fee; and
- 3. three copies of the Appeal Brief.

Volel

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Under the Processes & Reduction Act of 1995, so po-	Application Number	of Information unless it disables a solid OMS control number.
TRANSMITTAL	Filing Date	12/06/2001
FORM	First Named Invertior	Dwy N. Banerjee
- +	Art Unit	2151
(to be used for all correspondence after initial filtrg)	Examiner Name	Model V. Train
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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re: Application of:

Banerjee et al.

: Before the Examiner:

Serial No: 10/006,059

Nghi V. Tran

Filed: 12/06/2001

: Group Art Unit: 2151

Title: APPARATUS AND METHOD : Confirmation No.: 8983

OF USING XML DOCUMENTS TO PERFORM NETWORK PROTOCOL

SIMULATION

TRANSMITTAL OF APPELLANTS' BRIEF UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.192(a)

:

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Attached is Appellant's Brief, in triplicate, from a 06/07/2005, finally of the Examiner dated decision rejecting the claims in the Application.

The item(s) marked below are appropriate:

- A petition and fee for extension of term for reply to the final rejection is attached.
- 2. X Appeal fee
 - X _ other than a small entity. Fee: \$500.00
- 3. __X Payment
 - Please charge Deposit Account 09-0447 the sum of \$500.00. A duplicate of this notice is attached.

AUS920010871US1

Page 1 of 2

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fee, which may be required or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 09-0447.

Respectfully submitted,

/olel Emile

Attorney for Applicants Registration No. 39,969

(512) 306-7969

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OCT 26 2005

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re: Application of:

Banerjee et al.

Serial No: 10/006,059

Filed: 12/06/2001

Title: APPARATUS AND METHOD : Confirmation No.: 8983 OF USING XML DOCUMENTS TO

PERFORM NETWORK PROTOCOL

SIMULATION

: Before the Examiner:

Nghi V. Tran

: Group Art Unit: 2151

APPELLANTS' BRIEF UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.192

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

This is an appeal to a final rejection dated June 07, 20 of Application Serial Number 2005 of claims 1 10/006,059 filed on December 06, 2001. This Appeal Brief is submitted pursuant to a Notice of Appeal filed on August 29, 2005 in accordance with 37 C.F.R. 1.192.

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Page 1 of 10

BRIEF FOR APPLICANTS - APPELLANTS

(1)

Real Party in Interest

The real party in interest is International Business Machines Corporation (IBM), the assignee.

(2)

Related Appeals and Interferences

There are no other appeals or interferences known to appellants, appellants' representative or assignee, which will directly affect or be directly affected by or have a bearing on the Board's decision in the pending appeal.

(3)

Status of Claims

Claims 1 - 20 have been finally rejected in an Office Action dated June 07, 2005.

(4)

Status of Amendment

All amendments have been entered.

(5)

Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides a method of using an eXtensible Markup Language (XML) document to perform network protocol simulation. In accordance with the teachings of the invention, network protocol data packets are used to generate an XML document. Then, changes are AUS920010871US1

Page 2 of 10

made in the document to perform network protocol simulation (see page 27, line 19 to page 28, line 4).

(6)

Issues

Whether Claims 1 - 20 were properly rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by Lienhard et al.

(7)

Grouping of Claims

The rejected claims stand or fall together.

(8)

Argument

In considering a Section 102 rejection, all the elements of the claimed invention must be disclosed in a single item of prior art in the form literally defined in the claim. Jamesbury Corp. v. Litton Indus. Products, 756 F.2d 1556, 225 USPQ 253 (Fed. Cir. 1985); Atlas Powder Co. v. Dupont, 750 F.2d 1569, 224 USPQ 409 (Fed. Cir. 1984); American Hospital Supply v. Travenol Labs., 745 F.2d 1, 223 USPQ 577 (Fed. Cir. 1984).

Lienhard et al. purport to teach an information technology system for the definition, optimization and control of processes. According to Lienhard et al., the disclosure describes an information technology system to control processes consisting of sequences of discrete events, whereby a process model corresponds to a real process or reflects the real process. The process model and the real process are coupled to each other via an AUS920010871US1

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Thus, direct data exchange between the process interface. model and the real process occurs through the interface Although, the process preferably using XML documents. model is coupled to the real process, it can be independent This allows the system to perform of the real process. simulation of process modifications and/or optimization of the process without interruption of the real process. such a case, process modification in the process model can be checked without interrupting the real process and if the successful, it can found to be modification was integrated in whole or in part in the real process by way of the interface.

Thus, Lienhard et al. purport to teach process simulation using XML documents which is quite different from performing network protocol simulation using XML documents as claimed in the present Application.

As already explained in the Specification as well as in the Response to the first Office Action, language allows designers to create their own customized enabling definition, transmission, validation, interpretation of data between applications and between Thus, if network communications protocol organizations. connection establishment between two computer systems on a network, transition state of each user data packet and network communications protocol close connection procedures are known, an XML document may be generated to represent the communications protocol data transactions between the Varying any element or data in the generated two systems. document is in effect modifying the network communications Hence the present invention provides an protocol data. AUS920010871US1

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easy and efficient way of simulating network communications protocol.

In any case, since Lienhard et al. do not teach, show or suggest the steps of changing a part of an XML document that has been generated using network protocol data packets claimed, protocol simulation network perform Applicants submit that the claims in the Application are respectfully Hence, Applicants allowable. issue of the claims the to allowance and passage application.

Respectfully submitted,

Voltel Em/(le

Attorney for Applicants Registration No. 39,969

(51/2) 306-79/69

APPENDIX

(Previously presented) A method of performing network 1. eXtensible simulation using an protocol Language (XML) document, the XML document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document network communication the changes in effect exchanges, the method comprising the steps of:

generating an XML document using network protocol data packets; and

changing a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 2. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of changing a part of the XML document includes the step of changing design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein the resultant
 XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 3 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema.

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- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 4 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.
- (Previously presented) A computer program product on a 6. for performing network medium readable computer simulation using an eXtensible Markup protocol Language (XML) document, the XML document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document in the network communication changes effect exchanges, the computer program product comprising:

code means for generating an XML document using network protocol data packets; and

code means for changing a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 7. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 6 wherein the code means for changing a part of the XML document includes code means for changing design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- 8. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 7 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 9. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 8 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema. AUS920010871US1

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- 10. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 9 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.
- 11. (Previously presented) An apparatus for performing network protocol simulation using an extensible Markup Language (XML) document, the XML document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document to effect changes in the network communication exchanges, the apparatus comprising:

means for generating an XML document using network protocol data packets; and

means for changing a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 12. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 11 wherein the means for changing a part of the XML document includes means for changing design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- 13. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 14. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 13 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema.

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Page 8 of 10

- 15. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 14 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.
- system for Α computer 16. (Previously presented) performing network protocol simulation using an document, the XML eXtensible Markup Language (XML) document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document to effect changes in the network exchanges, the computer system communication comprising:

at least one memory device for storing code data; and

at least one processor for processing the code data to generate an XML document using network protocol data packets, and to change a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 17. (Original) The computer system of Claim 16 wherein the processor further processes the code data to change design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- 18. (Original) The computer system of Claim 17 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 19. (Original) The computer system of Claim 18 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema.

Page 9 of 10

20. (Original) The computer system of Claim 19 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re: Application of:

Banerjee et al:

: Before the Examiner:

Serial No: 10/006,059 Nghi V. Tran

Filed: 12/06/2001 : Group Art Unit: 2151

Title: APPARATUS AND METHOD : Confirmation No.: 8983

OF USING XML DOCUMENTS TO PERFORM NETWORK PROTOCOL

SIMULATION

APPELLANTS' BRIEF UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.192

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

This is an appeal to a final rejection dated June 07, 2005 of claims 1 - 20 of Application Serial 10/006,059 filed on December 06, 2001. This Appeal Brief is submitted pursuant to a Notice of Appeal filed on August 29, 2005 in accordance with 37 C.F.R. 1.192.

AUS920010871US1

Page 1 of 10

BRIEF FOR APPLICANTS - APPELLANTS

(1)

Real Party in Interest

The real party in interest is International Business Machines Corporation (IBM), the assignee.

(2)

Related Appeals and Interferences

There are no other appeals or interferences known to appellants, appellants' representative or assignee, which will directly affect or be directly affected by or have a bearing on the Board's decision in the pending appeal.

(3)

Status of Claims

Claims 1 - 20 have been finally rejected in an Office Action dated June 07, 2005.

(4)

Status of Amendment

All amendments have been entered.

(5)

Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides a method of using an extensible Markup Language (XML) document to perform network protocol simulation. In accordance with the teachings of the invention, network protocol data packets are used to generate an XML document. Then, changes are AUS920010871US1

Page 2 of 10

made in the document to perform network protocol simulation (see page 27, line 19 to page 28, line 4).

(6)

Issues

Whether Claims 1 - 20 were properly rejected under 35 U.S.C. \$102(e) as being anticipated by Lienhard et al.

(7)

Grouping of Claims

The rejected claims stand or fall together.

(8)

Argument

In considering a Section 102 rejection, all the elements of the claimed invention must be disclosed in a single item of prior art in the form literally defined in the claim. Jamesbury Corp. v. Litton Indus. Products, 756 F.2d 1556, 225 USPQ 253 (Fed. Cir. 1985); Atlas Powder Co. v. Dupont, 750 F.2d 1569, 224 USPQ 409 (Fed. Cir. 1984); American Hospital Supply v. Travenol Labs., 745 F.2d 1, 223 USPQ 577 (Fed. Cir. 1984).

Lienhard et al. purport to teach an information technology system for the definition, optimization and control of processes. According to Lienhard et al., the disclosure describes an information technology system to control processes consisting of sequences of discrete events, whereby a process model corresponds to a real process or reflects the real process. The process model and the real process are coupled to each other via an AUS920010871US1

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interface. Thus, direct data exchange between the process model and the real process occurs through the interface preferably using XML documents. Although, the process model is coupled to the real process, it can be independent of the real process. This allows the system to perform simulation of process modifications and/or optimization of the process without interruption of the real process. such a case, process modification in the process model can be checked without interrupting the real process and if the modification was found to be successful, it can be integrated in whole or in part in the real process by way of the interface.

Thus, Lienhard et al. purport to teach process simulation using XML documents which is quite different from performing network protocol simulation using XML documents as claimed in the present Application.

As already explained in the Specification as well as the Response to the first Office Action, language allows designers to create their own customized enabling definition, transmission, validation, interpretation of data between applications and between organizations. Thus, if network communications protocol connection establishment between two computer systems on a network, transition state of each user data packet and network communications protocol close connection procedures are known, an XML document may be generated to represent the communications protocol data transactions between the two systems. Varying any element or data in the generated document is in effect modifying the network communications protocol data. Hence the present invention provides an AUS920010871US1

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easy and efficient way of simulating network communications protocol.

In any case, since Lienhard et al. do not teach, show or suggest the steps of changing a part of an XML document that has been generated using network protocol data packets claimed, network protocol *simulation* perform Applicants submit that the claims in the Application are respectfully request Applicants allowable. Hence, issue of the claims allowance and passage to application.

Respectfully submitted,

Volel Envile

Attorney for Applicants Registration No. 39,969

(51/2) 306-79/69

APPENDIX

(Previously presented) A method of performing network ı. eXtensible Markup simulation an using protocol Language (XML) document, the XML document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document network communication in the effect changes exchanges, the method comprising the steps of:

generating an XML document using network protocol data packets; and

changing a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 2. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of changing a part of the XML document includes the step of changing design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 3 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema.

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Page 6 of 10

- (Original) The method of Claim 4 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.
- (Previously presented) A computer program product on a 6. network performing for medium computer readable Markup eXtensible using аń simulation protocol Language (XML) document, the XML document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document network communication the in changes effect to exchanges, the computer program product comprising:

code means for generating an XML document using network protocol data packets; and

code means for changing a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 7. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 6 wherein the code means for changing a part of the XML document includes code means for changing design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- 8. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 7 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 9. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 8 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema. AUS920010871US1

Page 7 of 10

- 10. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 9 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.
- 11. (Previously presented) An apparatus for performing network protocol simulation using an extensible Markup Language (XML) document, the XML document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document to effect changes in the network communication exchanges, the apparatus comprising:

means for generating an XML document using network protocol data packets; and

means for changing a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 12. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 11 wherein the means for changing a part of the XML document includes means for changing design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- 13. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 14. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 13 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema.

Page 8 of 10

- 15. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 14 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.
- system for computer presented) A (Previously 16. simulation using an protocol performing network the XML eXtensible Markup Language (XML) document, document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document to effect changes in the network computer system the exchanges, communication comprising:

at least one memory device for storing code data; and

at least one processor for processing the code data to generate an XML document using network protocol data packets, and to change a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 17. (Original) The computer system of Claim 16 wherein the processor further processes the code data to change design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- 18. (Original) The computer system of Claim 17 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 19. (Original) The computer system of Claim 18 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema.

 AUS920010871US1

Page 9 of 10

20. (Original) The computer system of Claim 19 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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Banerjee et al.

: Before the Examiner:

Serial No: 10/006,059 Nghi V. Tran

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Filed: 12/06/2001

: Group Art Unit: 2151

Title: APPARATUS AND METHOD : Confirmation No.: 8983

OF USING XML DOCUMENTS TO PERFORM NETWORK PROTOCOL

SIMULATION

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Sir:

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Page 2 of 10

made in the document to perform network protocol simulation (see page 27, line 19 to page 28, line 4).

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easy and efficient way of simulating network communications protocol.

In any case, since Lienhard et al. do not teach, show or suggest the steps of changing a part of an XML document that has been generated using network protocol data packets network protocol gimulation Applicants submit that the claims in the Application are allowable. Applicants respectfully Hence, request the claims allowance and passage to issue of in the application.

Respectfully submitted,

By: Val/al Em*1

Attorney for Applicants Registration No. 39,969

(51/2) 306-79/69

APPENDIX

(Previously presented) A method of performing network 1. using eXtensible protocol simulation án Language (XML) document, the XML document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document the network communication effect changes in to exchanges, the method comprising the steps of:

generating an XML document using network protocol data packets; and

changing a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 2. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the step of changing a part of the XML document includes the step of changing design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein the resultant
 XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 3 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema.

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- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 4 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.
- 6. (Previously presented) A computer program product on a performing readable medium for computer network protocol simulation using an eXtensible Markup Language (XML) document, the XML document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document effect changes in the network communication to exchanges, the computer program product comprising:

code means for generating an XML document using network protocol data packets; and

code means for changing a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 7. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 6 wherein the code means for changing a part of the XML document includes code means for changing design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- 8. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 7 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- (Original) The computer program product of Claim 8 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema.
 AUS920010871US1

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- 10. (Original) The computer program product of Claim 9 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.
- 11. (Previously presented) An apparatus for performing network protocol simulation using an extensible Markup Language (XML) document, the XML document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document to effect changes in the network communication exchanges, the apparatus comprising:

means for generating an XML document using network protocol data packets; and

means for changing a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.

- 12. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 11 wherein the means for changing a part of the XML document includes means for changing design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- 13. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 14. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 13 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema.

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Page 8 of 10

- 15. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 14 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.
- for system presented) A computer (Previously 16. protocol simulation using an performing network the XML eXtensible Markup Language (XML) document, document representing network communication exchanges, the network protocol simulation including changes made in the XML document to effect changes in the network exchanges, the computer system communication comprising:
 - at least one memory device for storing code data; and
 - at least one processor for processing the code data to generate an XML document using network protocol data packets, and to change a part of the XML document to perform the network protocol simulation.
- 17. (Original) The computer system of Claim 16 wherein the processor further processes the code data to change design characteristics of the network protocol to effect the XML document generation process.
- 18. (Original) The computer system of Claim 17 wherein the resultant XML document is used as a simulation aid.
- 19. (Original) The computer system of Claim 18 wherein the XML document is validated using a schema. AUS920010871US1

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20. (Original) The computer system of Claim 19 wherein new data packets are used to change the XML document.

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